

**SIDDHARTH UNIVERSITY, KAPILVASTU  
SIDDHARTH NAGAR, U.P.-272201**



**Faculty of Education**

**Ordinances, Regulations and Syllabus for  
Two Years B. Ed. Programme- 2015**

The Deen Dayal Upadhyay Gorakhpur University, Gorakhpur offers two years full-time Bachelor of Education course to Indian nationals and those foreign nationals permitted by Government of India to pursue study in India, in its Faculty of Education and the affiliated colleges as per ordinances, regulations and the syllabi given here under;

**Ordinances, regulations and the syllabi for Bachelor of Education programme leading to the Bachelor of Education (B.Ed.) Degree:**

**1. Preamble**

The Bachelor of Education programme, generally known as B.Ed., is a professional programme that prepares teachers for upper primary or middle level (classes VI -VIII), secondary level (classes IX-X) and senior secondary level (classes XI-XII).

**2. Duration and Working Days**

**2.1 Duration**

The B.Ed. programme shall be of duration of two academic years, which can be completed in a maximum of four years from the date of the admission to the programme.

**2.2 Working Days**

There shall be at least two hundred working days each year exclusive of the period of examination and admission.

- (a) The institution shall work for a minimum of thirty six hours in a week (five or six days)] during which physical presence in the institution of all student teachers is necessary.
- (b) The minimum attendance of student-teachers shall have to be 80% for all course work and practicum, and 90% for school internship.

**3. Intake, Eligibility, Admission Procedure and Fees**

**3.1 Intake**

There shall be a basic unit of 50 students, with a maximum of two units. There shall not be more than twenty five students per teacher for a school subject for method courses/ pedagogic courses and other practical activities of the programme to facilitate participatory teaching and learning.

**3.2 Eligibility**

- (a) Candidates with at least fifty per cent mark either in the Bachelor's Degree and/or in the Master's Degree in Sciences/Social Sciences/Humanity, Bachelor's in Engineering or Technology with specialization in Science and Mathematics with 55% marks or any other qualification equivalent thereto, are eligible for admission to the programme.
- (b) The reservation and relaxation for SC/ST/OBC/PWD and other categories shall be as per the rules of the Central Government/State Government, whichever is applicable.

**3.3 Admission Procedure**

Admission shall be made on merit on the basis of marks obtained in the qualifying examination and/or in the entrance examination or any other selection process as per the policy of the State Government and the University.

### **3.4 Fees**

The institution shall charge only such fee as prescribed by the affiliating body/state government.

### **3.1 Curriculum, Programme Implementation and Assessment**

#### **4.1 Curriculum**

The B.Ed. course is designed to integrate the study of subject knowledge, human development, and pedagogic knowledge and communication skills. The programme comprises of three broad curricular areas: Foundations of Education, Curriculum and Pedagogic Studies and Engagement with the field.

The courses under each of these curricular areas are based on a close reading of original writings, seminar/term paper presentations and continuous engagement with the field. Transaction of the courses is to be done using a variety of approaches, such as, case studies, discussions on reflective journals, observations of children, and interactions with the community in multiple socio-cultural environments.

**(i). Theory Courses: There are eight theory courses.**

**(ii). Engagement with the Field/Practicum**

The B.Ed. programme shall provide for sustained engagement with the self and the child, Community and School, at different levels and through establishing close connections between different curricular areas. This curriculum area would serve as an important link between the above two board curricular areas through its three components viz.

(a) Tasks and Assignments that run through all the courses,

(b) School Internship and

(c) Courses on Enhancing Professional Capacities as practical activities.

**(iii). School Internship**

School internship would be a part of the broad area of 'Engagement with the Field'.

Students are to be actively engaged at teaching for 16 weeks.

#### **4.2 Programme Implementation**

The institution shall meet the following specific demands of implementing this professional programme of study;

- i) Prepare a calendar for all activities, including school internship. The school internship and other school contact programmes shall be synchronised with the academic calendar of the school.
- ii) Make an arrangement of schools for the internship as well as other school-based activities of the programme. The arrangement shall have the approval of the district education authorities. These schools shall form basic contact points for all the practicum/ assignment activities and related work during the course of the programme.
- iii) Interns shall maintain reflective journals and observation records, which provide opportunities for reflective thinking.
- iv) Initiate discourse on education by periodically organising seminars, debates,

lectures and discussion groups for students and faculty.

- v) Organise academic enrichment programmes including interactions with faculty from parent disciplines; and encourage faculty members to participate in academic pursuits and pursue research, especially in schools.
- vi) School teachers shall be invited to teacher education institutions for feedback to student-teachers and for extension/guest lectures and organising colloquium.
- vii) There shall be mechanisms and provisions for addressing complaints of students and faculty, and for grievance redressal.
- viii) For school internship, the school teachers and the participating schools set up a mutually agreed mechanism for mentoring, supervising, tracking and assessing the student teachers.
- ix) Board of Studies shall reconsider and communicate the number and format of assignments in every academic session.

#### **4.3 Assessment**

All the theoretical courses shall be assigned 20% of maximum marks for internal assessment and remaining 80% for external examination. Practice teaching shall be assessed internally in 40 marks and externally in 160 marks. Candidates must be assessed on the entire Practical Activities. **Practical Activities will be assessed externally through viva-voce on activity records.** The bases of internal assessment may include individual or group assignments, observation records, student portfolio, diaries, journal etc. There shall be no assignment work as such in pedagogic courses.

#### **5-A: STRUCTURE OF COURSES OF TWO YEAR B. Ed. PROGRAMME**

##### **FRIST YEAR:**

Course I:	Knowledge and Curriculum	(100 Marks)
Course II:	Childhood and Growing Up	(100 Marks)
Course III:	Contemporary India and Education	(100 Marks)
Course IV:	Educational Administration and Management	(100 Marks)

##### **PRACTICAL ACTIVITIES**

(A)	Reading and Reflecting on Texts	(50 Marks)
(B)	Micro Teaching and Lesson Planning	(50 Marks)
(C)	Understanding the Self	(50 Marks)
(D)	Drama, Art and Music in Education	(50 Marks)

##### **SECOND YAER:**

Course V:	Teaching and Learning	(100 Marks)
Course VI:	Pedagogy of School Subject- I*	(100 Marks)
Course VII:	Pedagogy of School Subject- II*	(100 Marks)
Course VI:	Population Education and Environmental Education	(100 Marks)

##### **PRACTICAL ACTIVITIES**

Course VII:	School Internship	(200 Marks)
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**NOTE:**

\* Each candidate shall have to select two school subjects to be studied as method papers from the following groups and students will select two school subjects from two different groups of pedagogic subjects as grouped hereunder;

Group-A	Group-B	Group-C	Group-D	Group-E
Science: Physical Science	Science: Biological Science	Mathematics	Social Studies: Commerce	Language: English
Social Studies: Geography	Social Studies: Economics	Social Studies: History	Social Studies: Civics	Language: Hindi
Language: Sanskrit	Social Studies: Art & Handicraft	-----	Science: Home Science	Science: Agriculture

**5-B: Practical Orientation:**

Each candidate shall have to compulsorily undergo the following learning experiences of school internship (practical activities);

1.	Teaching of minimum 60 (sixty) supervised lessons (30 in each school subject taken up as pedagogy of school- I and II in actual classroom situation and prepare a record of their observation.	20 Marks
2.	Observations of 30 peers teaching sessions in the actual classroom situation and prepare a record thereof.	10 Marks
3.	Action research in any one of the concerned pedagogic course	10 Marks

**5-C: Activities of Rovers & Rangers**

1. Activities of Rover and Rangers shall be internally evaluated under following grades;

Excellent	-	A
Very Good	-	B
Good	-	C
Satisfactory	-	D
Unsatisfactory	-	E

**6. Allocation of Marks:** Allocation of Marks in different activities of B Ed programme shall be as given below;

Year	Course	Maximum Marks	Internal	External	
<b>First Year</b>	Course I: Knowledge and Curriculum	100	20	80	
	Course II: Childhood and Growing Up	100	20	80	
	Course III: Contemporary India and Education	100	20	80	
	Course IV: Educational Administration and Management	100	20	80	
	<b>Practical Activities</b>				
	(A) Reading and Reflecting on Texts	50	10	40	
	(B) Micro Teaching and Lesson Planning	50	10	40	
	(C) Understanding the Self	50	10	40	
(D) Drama, Art and Music in Education	50	10	40		
<b>Total</b>		<b>600</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>480</b>	

<b>Second Year</b>	Course V: Teaching and Learning	100	20	80
	Course VI: Pedagogy of School Subject- I*	100	-	100
	Course VII: Pedagogy of School Subject- II*	100	-	100
	Course VIII: Population Education and Environmental Education	100	20	80
	<b>Practical Activities</b>			
	Course VII: School Internship	200	40	160
<b>Total</b>		<b>600</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>520</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>1200</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>960</b>

The marks of Theory Courses and Practical Activities will be mentioned in the relevant column of the mark sheet. Grades of Rovers and Rangers will be mentioned separately in the candidate's mark sheet. The grade however will not affect the division of the examinee. Marks of internal assessment of theory courses and grades of Rover Rangers Activities shall be submitted by the Head/ principal, concerned, to the Controller of Examinations.

#### 6. Rules Pertaining to Examinations:

- It shall be mandatory for each student to attend a minimum of 80% theory classes. In case the attendance falls short of the minimum percentage the candidate will not be allowed to appear in the B.Ed. theory examination. As per the provisions of the University ordinances the Head/Dean in the case of University Department of Education and Principal in the case of Degree College will have the power to condone up to 5% of the attendance and the Vice-Chancellor on the recommendation of the Principal/Head/Dean of Education may condone up to 10% of the attendance. Thus, a maximum of 15% attendance may be condoned. Relaxation in attendance may be allowed for candidates participating in sports or other activities sponsored by the University/College or on medical grounds only.
- It shall be mandatory for each student to participate in all practical activities and Rover Rangers activities. In case a student fails to complete, for whatsoever reason, these activities during the academic session, he/she shall be de-barred from taking the B.Ed. practice teaching examination as well as sitting in the final theory examination.
- If a candidate fails to appear in Practical Examination, he/she shall be given one more chance for the same at university center or at any other center decided by the controller of examination.
- The students shall be promoted to the second year if he/she has completed all sessional, practical activities and obtained at least 30% marks in each theory paper.
- In case student fulfills the above requirements and is eligible to sit in the B.Ed. theory and practice of teaching examinations and passes in practical but fails in theory examination then he/she shall be permitted to appear as an ex-student. To be an ex-student in theory examination the candidate must have either failed in theory examination or have appeared atleast in one theory paper. The B. Ed. Course should be completed in a maximum of four years from the date of admission to the programme as per NCTE norms.
- **Dean/ Head shall be authorized to decide assignments of various papers for each academic session.**

#### 6.1 Conduct of Examinations

(A). In the examinations of theory courses a candidate shall be declared to have passed B.Ed. Examination in the divisions as detailed here under:-

- I- Division : 60% or above marks.
- II- Division : 48% or above but less than 60% marks.
- III- Division : 36% or above but less than 48% marks.

(B). In the Practical examinations of two pedagogic courses candidate shall be declared to have passed the B.Ed. Examination in the divisions as detailed here under:-

- I- Division : 75% or above marks.
- II- Division : 60% or above but less than 75% marks.
- III- Division : 50% or above but less than 60% marks.

Separate division will be allotted for both theory and practical examinations. A candidate will be declared passed in theory part if he/she obtains 36% marks in the aggregate and at least 30% in each of the theory papers. Minimum 50% marks in total are mandatory to pass in practical examination.

#### **6.1.1. Theory Examination**

Candidates will have the option of writing the examination either in Hindi or in English medium.

#### **6.1.2. Practice Teaching/School Experience Examination:**

Final Practice Examination shall be of 200 marks. Each candidate will be required to teach two lessons and will be evaluated by a panel of two external examiners and one internal examiner appointed by the appropriate authority of the University. It will be mandatory for the institution to place before the examiners' panel record of student's sessional work. The examiners' panel will have the power to moderate the internally awarded marks. The examiners shall submit the marks directly to the controller of examination of the University.

## **B. Ed. FIRST YEAR**

### **COURSE-I: KNOWLEDGE AND CURRICULUM**

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To enable student teachers to understand;

1. The concept of knowledge.
2. Basic ideas of different schools of philosophy of education.
3. Relationship between Philosophy and Education and implications of philosophy for education.
4. The importance and role of education in the progress of Indian society.
5. The role of education in promoting national integration and international understanding.
6. Understand the characteristics of good text books.

Unit-I: Concept of Knowledge:

Meaning, nature and need of knowledge;  
Concept of knowledge in Idealism, Naturalism, Pragmatism and Realism  
Concept of knowledge in Vedanta, Buddhism and Islamic tradition)

Unit-II: Philosophical Bases of Education;

- Philosophy of education-concept, scope and need
- Relationship between philosophy and education
- Major philosophies of Education (Idealism, Naturalism and Pragmatism, Realism) with reference to Aims, Curriculum, Methods, Teacher Taught Relations and Discipline;
- Major Indian philosophies of Education with reference to Aims, Curriculum, Methods, Teacher Taught Relations and Discipline in Vedanta, Buddhism and Islamic tradition,
- Educational thoughts of Vivekanand, Gandhi, Tagore and Gijju Bhai Badheka.

Unit-III: Sociological Basis of Education;

- Sociology of education-concept, scope and need
- Individual and social aims of education
- Education as an agent of socialization and social change
- Role of education in promoting national integration and international understanding

Unit-IV: Impact of industrialization and democracy

- Education as a tool of modernization and democratic citizenship
- Role of education in promoting emotional integration and secularism

Unit-V: Conceptual framework of Curriculum;

- Curriculum: concept, aims and types
- Principles of curriculum construction
- Characteristics of a good text book
- Relationship between aims of education and curriculum
- Teacher's role in curriculum construction

**ASSIGNMENTS:** Students are required do any two of the following assignments;

1. Compare any two western schools of philosophy of education.
2. Construct the curriculum for any one school subject of your choice.
3. Explore the democratic values being practiced in classroom and school life.

**BOOKS RECOMMENDED:**



1. Brubacher J.S. : Modern Philosophies of Education, Mc-Graw Hill, New York, 1939.
- 2 Butler, J.D. : The Four Philosophies and their Practice in Education. Harper & Row Publishers, New York, 1968
- 3 Dewey, John : Reconstruction in Philosophy, University of London Press, London, 1921.
- 4 Dewey, John : Democracy and Education.
- 5 Lal, Raman Behari : SHIKSHA KE DARSHNIK AUR SAMAJ SHASTRIY SIDDHANT, Rastogi Publication Meerut, 1993.
- 6 Mathur, S.S. : SHIKSHA – SIDDHANT, Vinod Pustak Mandir Agra.
- 7 Morris, Van Cleve : Modern Movements in Educational Philosophy.
- 8 Oad, L.K. : SHIKSHA KE DARSHNIK PRISHTHBHUMI, Rajsthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur, 1979.
- 9 Pandey, R.S. : SHIKSHA KE DARSHANIK AVAM SAMAJ SHASTRIYA PRISHTHBHUMI, Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agra, 1995.
- 10 Singh, Satya Deo : SHIKSH SIDDHANT AVAM DARSHAN, Vishwa Vidyalay Prakashan, Varanasi.
- 11 Tripathi, L.J. : Being and Becoming; Vashundhara Prakashan Gorakhpur, 2003.
12. Sharma, R.A. : PATHYKRAM VIKAS, Loyal Book Depot, Meerut.
13. Badheka, Gijju Bhai: DIVASWAPAN, Translated byKN Tripathi, New delhi;NBT, 1991

## **COURSE-II: CHILDHOOD AND GROWING UP**

### **COURSE OBJECTIVES: To enable student teachers to;**

1. Understand the psychology of learners.
2. Acquire knowledge and understanding of adolescent's learners.
3. Understanding of process and theories of learning & motivation.
4. Understand the techniques of teaching exceptional children.
5. Understand the basic concept of measurement and evaluation.
6. Understanding the issues of development of learners in different genders, castes and poverty etc.

### **COURSE CONTENT**

Unit-I: Psychology of Growth and Development;

- Meaning and methods of Educational Psychology
- Developmental Stage wise characteristics of the learners
- Emotional and Cognitive Development
- Theory of cognitive development-Jean Pieget

Unit-II: Learning and Motivation;

- Concept of learning
- Learning theories of Thorndike, Pavlov, Skinner and Kohler
- Factors affecting learning
- Motivation – meaning and techniques of enhancing learners' motivation
- Use of teaching skills to make learning effective: micro teaching

Unit-III: Intelligence and Personality;

- Concept of intelligence and its measurement
- Factor theory of intelligence
- Use of standardizes intelligence tests
- Concept of personality and its measurement
- Creativity- concept and measurement.

Unit-IV: Exceptional Learners;

- Concept, need and types
  - Type wise characteristics
  - Techniques for teaching exceptional learners
- Unit-V: Measurement and Evaluation
- Concept and functions of measurement and evaluation
  - Measurement of central tendencies; Mean, Median and mode
  - Measures of variability: Range, Quartile deviation, Standard deviation
  - Normal Probability Curve, Properties of NPC, Applications of NPC
  - Correlation: definition and types, Rank Order correlation

**ASSIGNMENTS:** Students are required do any two of the following assignments;

1. Compare the rearing up practices in a Dalit and a Non-Dalit household.
2. Study of a family providing different health and educational facilities to its male and female children.
3. Administration of one standardized Intelligence test.

**BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

1. Gage, N.L. & D.C. Berliner Educational Psychology McNally College Publishing Co., Chicago.
2. Gronlund, N.E. Educational Measurement & Evaluation Prentice Hall, INC, N.J.
3. Gronlund, N.E. Constructing Achievement Tests Prentice Hall, N.J.
4. Lefrancois, G.R. Psychological and Human Learning Kangors Report. Book/Cole Publishing Co. Monterey, California
5. Lovel, K. An Introduction to Human Development Scott, Foresman And Co. London
6. Lortan, J.W. & B.L. Walley Introduction to Early Childhood Education D.Van Nor stand Co. New York
7. Morse, W.C. & G.M. Wingo Psychological & Teaching (3rd ed.) P.B. Tarporewal Sons & Co. Pvt. Ltd. Bombay
8. Mortuza, V.R. Appling Norm- And Criterion Referenced Measurement in Educatio, Allyn And Bacon, Inc, London
9. Oven, Steven et. Al. Educational Psychology: An Introduction. Little, Brown & Co. Boston
11. Pandey, B.B. & Singh, Rajesh MAPAN, MULYANKAN AVAM PRARAMBHIK SANKHYAKI,
12. Patel, R.N. Educational Psychology Himalayan Publishing House Mumbai
13. Tripathi, S.N. Cognitive Development,
14. Yelon, Stephen, L. Etal A Teachers World- Psychological In the Classroom McGraw Hill Kogakusha Ltd, Tokyo

**COURSE -III: CONTEMPORARY INDIA AND EDUCATION**

**COURSE OBJECTIVES: To enable student teacher to;**

1. Understand the influenced of socio-political forces of the time education.
2. Understand the characteristic features, strengths and weaknesses of ancient, medieval, British and contemporary system of education in India.
3. Understand the contribution of various major committees and commissions on education set up from time to time;
4. Appreciate the development of Indian education in the post-independence era.
5. Understand the critical issues of contemporary system of education in India.

**COURSE CONTENT**

Unit-I: Debate on Education in Pre Colonial Era;

- Concept, aims and characteristics of Education in;

- Vedic, Buddhist and Islamic Era
- Unit-II: Debate on Education in Pre Pre-independence Era;
- Main recommendations of ;  
Charter Act-1813  
**Adam's Report**  
Macaulay's Minute-1835  
Wood's Dispatch-1854  
National Education Movement  
Gokhale's Bill and Wardha Scheme of Education
- Unit-III: Debate on Education in independence Era;
- Recommendations on Teacher Education, Secondary Education, Higher Education and Vocational Education of the following;  
University Education commission  
Secondary Education commission  
Education Commission  
NPE and Revised NPE
- Unit-VI: Debate on Crucial Issues of Education
- Education to live together
  - Peace Education
  - Mid-Day Meal
  - Women Education
- Unit-V: Education in Indian Constitution;
- Constitutional provisions for education
  - Role of education in promoting constitutional values (freedom, justice and democracy)
  - Alternative experiments in education-SNDT, Banasthali Vidyapeeth, EKLAVYA

**ASSIGNMENTS:** Students are required do any two of the following assignments;

1. A study of a school in historical perspective.
2. Study of M DM Programme being run at least in five schools.
3. A comparative study of any two National Policies on Education.

**BOOKS RECOMMENDED:**

- 1 Altekar, A.S. (1934): Education in Ancient India, Varanasi: The Indian Book shop
- 2 Ghosh, S.C. (1989): Educational Policy in India since Warren Hastings, Calcutta: Naya Prakashan
- 3 Jaffar, S.M. (1936): Education in Muslim India, Lahore
- 4 Kumar, Krishna (1991): The Political Agenda of education, Delhi: Sage
- 5 Law, N.N. (1916): Promotion of Learning in India, London
- 6 Mukherjee, R.K. (1960): Ancient Indian Education, Delhi: Motilal Banarasi Das
- 7 Nurrullah, S. and J.P. Naik : A Students History of Education in India, Bombay; Macmillam.

**COURSE- IV: EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT**

**COURSE OBJECTIVES**

1. To acquaint the student teachers with the concept of educational administration & Management.
2. To develop an understanding of Educational Administration & management.

3. To enable the students to understand the administration of education at different levels.
4. To enable the students to understand the role of Headmaster in school management.

## **COURSE CONTENT**

### **UNIT – I: Conceptual framework of Educational Administration and Management**

- Meaning Definition and Nature of Educational Administration.
- Objectives, scope and type of Educational Administration.
- Principles and functions of Educational Administration.
- Theories of Educational Administration.
- School Management- concept, characteristics, need, scope and problems
- Difference between Educational Administration and Management.

### **UNIT – II: Functions of Educational Administration**

- Recommendations of Indian Education Commission (1882), Secondary Education Commission (1952-53), Education Commission (1964), National Policy on Education (1986) regarding Educational Administration and Management.
- School as an organization.
- Educational Planning; Meaning, nature, Objectives, qualities principles and Types
- Educational supervision: Meaning, nature, Objectives, Types scope importance and functions
- Decision making; characteristics, type, techniques and methods.

### **UNIT – III: Machinery of Educational Administration and Role of Government**

- Central Administrative Machinery of Education and its role
- state Administrative Machinery of Education and its role
- Local Educational Administrative structure and its functions

### **UNIT – IV: School Management**

- Qualities and duties of head of institution as manager and administrator
- Qualities and duties of teachers as manager, facilitator, counselor and community leader.
- Classroom Management; concept, principles, techniques and factors influencing it.
- Time table; Concept, types, need, qualities and practical problems in framing it.
- School discipline; concept, need, types and strategies of maintaining discipline, reward and punishment.

### **UNIT – V: Management of School Activities and Professional development**

- Cocurricular Activities- meaning, need, importance, type and principles of organizing co- curricular activities.
- Guidance programs in schools—concept, nature principles, importance, type and organizing programme in schools.
- School Records and Register- meaning need, importance, use, type and maintaining these records.
- Development of Professional Skills- Micro Teaching (Skills of introduction, instructional objectives, probing questions, reinforcement, blackboard writing, use of material aids and stimulus variation.
- Parent Teachers Association- need and functions.
- Functions of UGC, NCERT, NUEPA, NCTE, SIEMAT and DIET.
- Role of students in school administration.

**ASSIGNMENTS:** Students are required do any two of the following assignments;

1. Framing School time table: Teacher wise and School wise.

2. Preparation of important school records
3. Preparation of Charts regarding central and state machinery of educational administration at center and state levels.

**BOOKS RECOMMENDED:**

- 1 Bhatnagar, R.P. & V. Agrawal : Educational Administration, Surya Publications, Meerut, 1997.
- 2 Gaind, D.N. & R.P. Sharma : Educational & Secondary School Administration, Ram Prasad & Sons, Agra, 1966.
- 3 Newman, William H. : Administrative Action, McGraw Hill London, 1963.
- 4 Owen, R.G. : Organizational Behavior In Schools, Prentice Hall, Inclave, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1970.
- 5 Reeser Clayton : Management: Functions & Modern Concepts Scott Freshman And Co., Illinois, 1973,
- 6 Shukla P.D. : Administration Of Education In India, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1983.
- 7 Tead Ordway : The Art of Administration, McGraw Hill Co., New York, 1951.

**PRACTICAL ACTIVITIES**

**(A). READING AND REFLECTING ON TEXTS**

**COURSE OBJECTS:** To enable the pupil teachers to;

1. Read and respond to a variety of texts in different ways.
2. Enhance their capacity as readers and writers.
3. Learn to think together.

**COURSE CONTENT:** Reading and reflecting on any two of the following texts;

1. SHANTINIKETAN by Shivani. Radhakrishan Prakashan, 2007.
2. AAPKA BUNTY by Mannu Bhandari, Radhakrishan Prakashan, 2006.
3. What is Worth Teaching by Krishan Kumar, Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan Pvt. Ltd. 1992..
4. BALKON MEIN BHASHA VIKAS by Krishan Kumar, National Book Trust, 2000.
5. DIVA SWAPNA, by Gijju Bhai Badheka Translated into Hindi by Kashinath Trivedi, New Delhi: National Book Trust, 1991.
6. Emile OR On Education by Rousseau, Nuvision Publications LLC, 2007, <https://books.google.co.in/books?id=U2dbYNVDpY8C&printsec=frontcover&dq=emile&hl=en&sa=X&ei=6HtYVdb8HNGQuASI54HACw&ved=0CB4Q6wEwAA#v=onepage&q&f=false>
7. RTE Act- 2009

**PRACTICAL ACTIVITIES**

**(B). MICRO-TEACHING AND ICT IN CLASSROOM**

**COURSE OBJECTS:** To enable the pupil teachers to;

1. Develop practical understanding of various skills of Micro Teaching.
2. Adapt ICTs in line with principles of classroom activities of teaching and learning.
3. Learn integrating technologies in teaching - learning process.

**COURSE CONTENT**

Complete any two of the following activities and prepare report/ maintain record;

1. Preparation of skill based micro teaching lesson plans on five teaching skills in each of the two pedagogic subjects.
2. Preparation of five soft macro lesson plans in each of the two pedagogic subjects.
3. Preparation of two educational Power Point Presentations from among the topics related to your compulsory papers.

4. Preparation of class wise, teacher wise and period wise soft time tables and discussion on significance of these time tables.
5. Joining any two educational groups on social media and interacting and maintaining record of total interaction for at least one week.

### **PRACTICAL ACTIVITIES**

#### **(C): UNDERSTANDING THE SELF**

**COURSE OBJECTS:** To enable the pupil teachers to;

1. Develop a holistic and integrated understanding of the human self and personality.
2. Develop the skills of personal growth.
3. Develop social relational sensitivity and effective communication skills.

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

Performing and report writing on any two of the following;

1. Interaction with minimum 10 children from class or community regarding his/ her educational aspirations and problems.
2. Dreams, problems and aspirations of a group.
3. Debate on important educational/ social/ local issues to understand the hidden beliefs and prejudices.
4. Presentation/ narration of life stories of the students/ children in group
5. Organizing minimum five activities of Yoga/ physical exercise/ warm up exercises/ cool down exercises.
6. Self-written poems/stories and anecdotes.
7. Sharing of childhood experiences in peer group.

### **PRACTICAL ACTIVITIES**

#### **(D): DRAMA, ART AND MUSIC IN EDUCATION**

**COURSE OBJECTS:** To enable the pupil teachers to;

1. Give message to the society regarding educational and social problems
2. Understand the functioning of informal agents of education.
3. Organize different types of educational activities.

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

Performing and report writing on any two of the following;

1. Dramatization on educational/ social problems
2. Street Play on educational/ social problems
3. Organizing Quiz / Educational Exhibitions
4. Visit to places of Arts/ Crafts and educational importance
5. Role of Movies and Media in addressing on educational/ social problems
6. Understanding the Development of child in diverse social contexts like caste, religion etc.
7. Study of regional Art, Music, Dance and Theatre
8. Understanding of self, peers and surrounding

## **B. Ed. SECOND YEAR**

### **COURSE-V: PRINCIPLES AND METHODS OF TEACHING**

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To enable student teachers to;

1. Acquire the knowledge of principles and stages of teaching.
2. Develop understanding of process of communication and micro teaching.
3. Understand the learner and teacher centered approaches of classroom teaching.
4. Identify exceptional children and understand different techniques of teaching.
5. Understand the teaching as a profession.
6. Develop understanding of various approaches of teaching.

### **COURSE CONTENT**

Unit-I: Teaching as a Complex Activity;

- Concept and Principles of Teaching
- Theories of teaching,
- Stages of teaching
- Levels of teaching- Memory, Understanding and Reflective

Unit-II: Teaching as a Communication Process;

- Process of communication
- Classroom approach
- Basic Teaching Model
- Auto instructional approach: Programmed Instruction, Linear and Branching.
- Basic Teaching Model: Feedback, Devices of Teaching, FIACS, Micro teaching, SSST.

Unit-III: Teaching in Diverse Classroom;

- Teaching learning relationship
- Learner centered approaches of teaching
- Teacher centered approaches of teaching
- Monitorial system of teaching and training, Distance Education, Open Learning System.

Unit-IV: Methods of Teaching and Lesson Planning:

- Brain Storming, Dialogue Method, Participatory Method, Project Method, Problem Solving, Team Teaching and Multimedia Approach.
- Lesson Planning.

Unit-V: Teaching as a Profession:

- Concept of teaching profession.
- Qualities of a good teacher.
- Professional growth of teachers.

**ASSIGNMENTS:** Students are required do any two of the following assignments;

1. A study of teacher's behavior towards Dalit students of his/ her class.
2. Construct minimum twenty frames of linear programmes.
3. Prepare attendance register, one report card and result sheet of a class of minimum ten students.

### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED:**

1. Morse, W.C. & G.M. Wingo Psychological & Teaching (3rd ed.) P.B. Tarporewal Sons & Co. Pvt. Ltd. Bombay
2. Dececco, J.P.: The Psychology of Learning and Instruction Prentice Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd. New Dehli. 1977
3. Gage, N.L. & D.C. Berliner Educational Psychology McNally College Publishing Co., Chicago.

- 4 Lortan, J.W. & B.L. Walley Introduction To Early Childhood Education D.Van Nor stand Co. New York.
- 5 Mortuza, V.R. Appling Norm- And Criterion Referenced Measurement In Education Allyn And Bacon, Inc, London
- 6 Oven, Steven Etal Educational Psychology: An Introduction. Little, Brown & Co. Boston
- 7 Thorndike, R.L. & E.P. Hagan Measurement and Evaluation In Psychology. And Education, (III ed) Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi
- 8 Tripathi, S.N. Cognitive Development,
9. Yelon, Stephen, L. et al. A Teachers World- Psychological In The Classroom McGraw Hill Kogakusha Ltd, Tokyo

## **COURSE-VI/ VII: PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SCIENCES**

### **(A). COURSE-VII/ VIII: METHOD OF TEACHING SCIENCES:**

#### **PHYSICAL SCIENCE**

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

##### **Student teacher shall be able to;**

- Develop a broad understanding of the principles and procedures used in modern science education.
- Develop their essential skills for practicing modern Science Education.
- Develop their skills necessary for preparing instructional accessories.
- Prepare models; select teaching strategies essential for preparing designs of lessons.
- Manage instructional activity in such a way that the vast majority of the learners attain most of the objectives of teaching.

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

##### **UNIT – I**

- Nature of physical sciences – Thrust areas of physics and chemistry – Impact of science on modern life, globalization and science. Path tracking discoveries and land mark development in science; Professions in the area of sciences.

##### **UNIT – II**

- Justification for including physical sciences as a subject of study in the school curriculum. Objective of Teaching Physical Sciences at the secondary level of schooling. Taxonomy of educational objective – Process outcomes, product outcomes, concept attainments, behavioral developers of education. Concept of entering and terminal behavior. Organization of learning experiences for achieving specified behavioral outcomes.

##### **UNIT – III**

- Major methods used for physical science instruction: Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration, Project, Heuristic etc.
- Major models of instruction useful for science education such as Basic Teaching Model and Concept Attainment Model.

##### **UNIT – IV**

- Co-curricular and non-formal approaches: Activity approaches and non-formal methods of physical science teaching such as: field trip, science clubs, visits to science museums, original science projects etc. Importance of organizing science fairs and excursions.

##### **UNIT – V**



- Planning for teaching and developing year plans, unit plans, lesson plans, content analysis, and pedagogical analysis. Use of Piagetian, Brunerian, Gagnesian principles in developing lesson plan.
- Preparation and development of improvised apparatus; preparation, selection and use of teaching aids. The use of computer in teaching physical sciences.

#### UNIT – VI

- Curriculum and resource utilization: Principles for designing a Physical Science curriculum. Approaches to curriculum organization using procedures like concentric, topical, process and integrated approaches. Adapting the curriculum to local needs and requirements and the availability of local resources. Practical work in science teaching; record writing for science projects.

#### UNIT – VII

- Curriculum accessories and support material – Textbooks, Journals, Handbooks, student's work books, display slides, laboratory materials, audio – video support material, etc. – their critical evaluation from the point of view of teaching physical science.

#### UNIT – VIII

- Evaluating outcomes of physical science teaching: Merits and limitations of different item formats for assessing learning outcomes of science teaching. Writing items in different formats for evaluating learning outcomes at various levels of cognitive, affective and psychomotor domain. Try out, item analysis and selection of items suitable for formative and summative evaluation.
- Diagnostic testing and remedial teaching; developing formative evaluation instruments as aids to learning.

#### BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

1. Bally, I. II. : The Nature study Idea.
2. Blough & Back wood : Teaching of Elementary Science.
3. Dass G. : Teaching of Physics and chemistry in India.
4. Jaimal Sajid and Ansarul Hasan : Modern Science Teaching, Lucknow, Alok Prakashan
5. John Brown : Teaching of Science in Schools.
6. Joseph E.D. : Teaching of Science in Tropical Primary Schools.
7. Kulshresth Dr. A.K. : Teaching of Physical Science, Meerut, R. Lal Book Depot. and Kulshresth N.K.
8. Kulshresth Dr. S.P. and Miss Harpal Parricha : Teaching of Science, Meetur, R.Lal Book Depot.
9. Mangal Dr. S.K. and Mrs. Shubhra Mangal : Teaching of PHysical Science, International Publication.
10. Science Master's Association : The Teaching of General Science.
11. Summer : The Teaching of Science.
13. Twiss : Textbook on the principles of Science Teaching.
14. Teipathi, S.N. : Cognitive Development and Achievement Levels in Science, Chandra Prakashan, Gorakhpur, (1994)
10. Vanaja, M. : Method of teaching Physical Science, New Delhi and Hyderabad, Neekamal Publications, Pvt. Ltd.
- 11- Waste way : Science Teaching
- 12- कुलश्रेष्ठ डॉ० ए०के० एवं कुलश्रेष्ठ एन०के० : विज्ञान शिक्षण, मेरठ आर० लाल बुक डिपो

- 13- भटनागर डॉ० ए०बी० एव : फिजिकल साइंस शिक्षण, मेरठण आर० लाल बुक डिपो  
भटनागर डॉ० अनुराग
14. मंगल एस०के० : भौतिक विज्ञान शिक्षण, नई दिल्ली, आर्य बुक डिपो
15. श्रीवास्तव, डॉ० रीता : विज्ञान शिक्षण, इलाहाबाद, आलोक प्रकाशन

## **(B). COURSE-VI/ VII: METHOD OF TEACHING SCIENCES:**

### **BIOLOGICAL SCIENCE**

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES: Student teacher shall be able to:**

- Develop a broad understanding of the principles and procedures used in modern biology education.
- Develop their essential skills for practicing modern Biology Education.
- Develop their skills necessary for preparing instructional accessories.
- Prepare models; select teaching strategies essential for preparing designs of lessons.
- Manage instructional activity in such a way that the vast majority of the learners attain most of the objectives of teaching.

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

##### **UNIT – I**

- **Nature of biological sciences** – Thrust areas of biology and their impact on modern life, globalization and biology. Path tracking discoveries and land mark development in biology; Professions in the area of biological sciences.

##### **UNIT – II**

- Justification for including biology as a subject of study in the school curriculum. Objective of Teaching Biology at the secondary level of schooling. Taxonomy of educational objective – Process outcomes, product outcomes, concept attainments, behavioral developers of education. Concept of entering and terminal behavior. Organization of learning experiences for achieving specified behavioral outcomes.

##### **UNIT – III**

- Major methods used for biology instruction: lecture, Discussion, Demonstration, Project, and Heuristic etc.
- Major models of instruction useful for science education such as Basic Teaching Model and Concept Attainment Model.

##### **UNIT – IV**

- Co-curricular and non-formal approaches: Activity approaches and non-formal methods of Biology teaching such as: field trips, gardening, science clubs, visits to science museums, maintenance of aquariums, herbariums, and variorums, taking up of project work. Importance of organizing science fairs and excursions.

##### **UNIT – V**

- Planning for teaching Biology: developing year plans, unit plans, lesson plans, content analysis and pedagogical analysis. Use of Piagetian, Brunerian, Gagnesian principles in developing lesson plan.
- Preparation and development of improvised apparatus; preparation, selection and use of teaching aids. The use of computer in teaching biology.

##### **UNIT – VI**

- Curriculum and resource utilization: Principles for designing a Biology curriculum. Approaches to curriculum organization using procedures like concentric, topical, process and integrated approaches. Adapting the curriculum to local needs and requirements and the availability of local resource. Practical work in Biology; record writing for Biology projects.

##### **UNIT – VII**

- Curricular accessories and support material – Textbooks, Journals, Handbooks, student's work books, display slides, laboratory materials, audio-video support material, etc. – their critical evaluation from the point of view of teaching biology.

## UNIT – VIII

- Evaluating outcomes of biology teaching: Merits and limitations of different item formats for assessing learning outcomes of biology teaching. Writing items in different formats for evaluating learning outcomes at various levels of cognitive, affective and psychomotor domain. Try-out, item analysis and selection of items suitable for formative and summative evaluation.
- Diagnostic testing and remedial teaching; developing formative evaluation instruments as aids to learning.

### BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1 Bally, I. II. : The Nature study Idea.
- 2 Blough & Backwoods : Teaching of Elementary Science.
- 3 Dass G. : Teaching of Physics and Chemistry in India.
- 4 John Brown : Teaching of Science in Schools.
- 5 Joseph E.D. : Teaching of Science in Tropical Primary Schools.
- 6 P. Ameeta : Teaching of Teaching Biological Science, New Delhi and Hyderabad Neel Kamal Publications, Pvt. Ltd.
- 7 Science Master's Association : The Teaching of General Science.
- 8 Summer : The Teaching of Science.
- 9 Tripathi, S.N. : Cognitive Development and Achievement Levels in Science, Chandra Prakashan, Gorakhpur, (1994)
- 10 Twiss : Text-book on the principles of Science Teaching.
- 11 Waste way : Science Teaching.
- 12 ..... सुधा : जैविक विज्ञान शिक्षण, मेरठ आर० लाल बुक डिपो
13. भटनागर, ए०बी० एवं भटनागर अनुराग : टीचिंग आफ बायोलोजिकल साइंस, मेरठ आर० लाल बुक डिपो
14. मंगल, एस०के० : जीवविज्ञान शिक्षण, नई दिल्ली, आर्य बुक डिपो।
15. सिकरबार मुक्ता : जीवविज्ञान शिक्षण, आगरा, अग्रवाल पब्लिकेशन।
16. श्रीवास्तव, डी०एन० : जीवविज्ञान शिक्षण, लखनऊ एवं इलाहाबाद, आलोक प्रकाशन।

### (C). COURSE-VI/ VII: METHODS OF TEACHING SCIENCES:

#### AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES

##### To enable the pupil teachers to;

1. Acquire the ability to develop instructional Support material.
2. Develop the classroom skills needed for teaching of Agricultural Science using modern methodology.
3. Develop knowledge about the basic principles governing the construction of Agricultural Science curriculum.
4. Develop the ability to organize co-curricular activities and community resource for Promoting Agricultural Science learning.
5. Acquire the ability to complete the plan for instruction.

#### COURSE CONTENT

##### UNIT – I

- Concept/Nature of Agricultural Science.
- Correlation of Agricultural Science with other Subjects.
- Objectives of teaching Agricultural Science at Secondary level.

##### UNIT – II

- Principles of Agriculture Curriculum construction.

##### UNIT – III

- Methods of teaching Agricultural Science – Lecture, Discussion, Project, Demonstration, Heuristic method of Practicals.

## UNIT – IV

- Co-curricular and non-formal approaches – Activities approach and non-formal methods of teaching such as. Field trips, gardening, visit to Agricultural Research center, Dairy farm, maintenance of herbariums, taking up of Project work.

## UNIT – V

- Evaluating outcomes of Agricultural Science teaching: merits and limitations of different item formats for assessing learning outcomes of Agricultural Science teaching writing items in different formats for evaluating learning outcomes at various levels of cognitive, affective and Psychomotor domain.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- 1 Summer : The Teaching of Science.
- 2 Singh, Kedar Nath : Horticulture Science Teaching.

## (D). COURSE-VI/ VII: METHODS OF TEACHING SCIENCES:

### HOME SCIENCE

#### अध्ययन के उद्देश्य

इस पाठ्यक्रम के अध्ययन से छात्र में:

1. गृह विज्ञान के प्रति रूचि जागृत होगी।
2. शरीर विज्ञान और स्वास्थ्य शिक्षा का ज्ञान उत्पन्न होगा।
3. पाकविद्या की जानकारी होगी।
4. शिक्षण सहायक सामग्री बनाने की क्षमता विकसित होगी।

#### पाठ्य विवरण

1. गृहविज्ञान शिक्षण का लक्ष्य एवं उद्देश्य उसके विभिन्न क्षेत्रों का महत्व तथा विद्यालय के विविध विषयों से उसका सह-सम्बन्ध। गृहविज्ञान के सैद्धान्तिक तथा व्यावहारिक पक्ष का महत्व। चार्ट, नमूने, यन्त्र तथा सहायक सामग्री का गृह विज्ञान शिक्षण में महत्व। गृहविज्ञान में प्रयोगशाला की आवश्यकता, उसका नियोजन, सामग्री तथा उसका संस्थान। गृहविज्ञान शिक्षण की विविध विधियाँ। गृहकार्यों के निपुणतापूर्ण निर्वह की विभिन्न विधियाँ।
2. बीस पाठों का संयोजन निम्न विषयों पर किया जाय (अध्यापन हेतु)  
क) शरीर विज्ञान, ख) स्वास्थ्य शिक्षा, ग) प्राथमिक चिकित्सा,  
घ) पाकविद्या, ङ) धुलाई, च) शिल्पकला।
3. मातृकला : अर्थ, मातृत्व के लिये योग्यतायें
4. उपचारात्मक चिकित्सा : अतिसार, कब्ज, मोटापा, तथा आंत्रशोथ (टाइफाइड)
5. व्यवस्थापन : समय, ऊर्जा, धन, बचत
6. संक्रामक रोगों से बचाव
7. **गृह विज्ञान शिक्षण की विधियाँ—**

दस संक्षिप्त पाठ सूत्र विभिन्न व्यञ्जनों को तैयार करने की विधि पर अथवा शिल्पकला से सम्बन्धित विभिन्न प्रकार के कपड़ों की सिलाई के ढंगों पर गठित किये जाय।

- स्वास्थ्य तथा स्वास्थ्यशिक्षा,
- संतुलित आहार,
- जल संग्रहालय तथा उनकी उपयोगिता,
- रक्त और उसकी संरचना,
- विभिन्न संस्थान रक्त परिभ्रमण संस्थान, पाचन तथा श्वसन संस्थान,
- रोगों की रोकथाम,
- रसोई घर का बगीचा,
- धुलाई तथा सम्बन्धित सामग्री,
- सजावट सम्बन्धि विविध प्रतिविधियाँ तथा घर की विभिन्न सामग्री एवं वस्तुओं की सफाई,
- बजट।
- 8. **चार्ट नमूने दो केवल—**
  - शरीर में विभिन्न जोड़,
  - विशेष ज्ञानेन्द्रिया,
  - दांत और उनकी बनावट,

- त्वचा,
  - मच्छर का जीवन चक्र, मक्खियां तथा खटमल,
  - विभिन्न संस्थान,
  - गुर्दा,
  - स्वास्थ्य सम्बन्धी चार्ट।
  - चित्र-पुस्तिका (एल्बम)
- निम्न विषयों से सम्बन्धित चित्रों का संकलन करना आवश्यक होगा।

- आधुनिक ढंग का रहन-सहन,
- दर्शक गृह के प्रकार, शयन कक्ष तथा रसोईघर,
- विभिन्न प्रकार की वस्तुयें एवं सामग्री,
- विविध ढंग से भोजन का व्यवस्थापन,
- कला तथा हस्तकार्य, नमूने तथा खिलौने,
- विभिन्न प्रकार के टाकों एवं नमूनों को चित्र रूप में संकलित किया जाय।

#### BOOKS RECOMMENDED (संस्तुत ग्रंथ)

- |   |                             |  |
|---|-----------------------------|--|
| 1 | अस्थाना, एस0आर0:            | गृहविज्ञान का अध्ययन, लक्ष्मी नारायण अग्रवाल, आगरा।                  |
| 2 | षैरी, जी0पी0 और सरन, डी0पी0 | : गृहविज्ञान शिक्षण, विनोद पुस्तक मंदिर, आगरा।                       |
| 3 | Dantyogi, S                 | : Fundamentals of Textiles and their Care.                           |
| 4 | Strong                      | : Teaching of Domestic Science I & II.                               |
| 5 | William & Lyle              | : Home Making Education in High School; Appleton Century Croft, Inc. |

### COURSE-VI/ VII: METHODS OF TEACHING MATHEMATICS

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES: To enable the pupil teacher to:

1. Understand and appreciate the uses and significance of mathematics in daily life.
2. Learn successfully various approaches to mathematics and to use them judiciously.
3. Know the methods of planning instruction for the classroom.
4. Prepare curricular activities and organize the library in it as per the needs.
5. Appreciate and organize activities to develop aesthetics of mathematics.
6. Obtain feedback both about teaching as well as student's learning.

#### COURSE CONTENT

##### UNIT – I

- Meaning of mathematics; History of Mathematics; contributions of Indian Mathematicians with reference to Bhaskaracharya, Aryabhata, Leclavathi, Ramanujam and contribution of Euclid, Pythagoras, Rene Descarte.

##### UNIT – II

- Objectives of teaching mathematics in terms of instruction and behavior, approaches to teaching of mathematics viz., inductive, deductive, analytical, synthetic, heuristic, project and laboratory, using various techniques for teaching mathematics viz., oral, written, drill assignment, supervised study and programmed learning,

##### UNIT – III

- Meaning and importance/purpose of a lesson plan, Proforma of a lesson plan and its rationality, meaning and purpose of a unit-and-unit plan, purpose of an yearly plan, developing/preparing low cost improvised teaching aids relevant to local ethos, skill in maintaining and using blackboard, models, charts, TV, films and video tapes and VCR.

##### UNIT – IV

- Principles and rationale of curriculum development; organizing the syllabi both logically and psychologically according to the age groups of children, Planning activities and methods of developing the substitutes/alternatives material to the prescribed, for completing the syllabi.

## UNIT – V

- Using mathematics as a game for recreation, organizing Quiz programmes, skill development in answering puzzles, magic squares, word search etc., developing a math's laboratory; learning about the short cuts mentioned in Vedic mathematics.

### BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- 1 Aggarwal, S.M. : A course in Teaching of Modern Mathematics.
- 2 Bell : Men of Mathematics.
- 3 Butler, C.H. and Wren, F.L. : Teaching of Secondary Math.
- 4 Durel : Teaching of Arithmetic.
- 5 Godfry and Siddons : The Teaching of Mathematics.
- 6 kuppuswami Ailanger, N.K. : Teaching of Mathematics in the New Education.
- 7 Schulze : Teaching of Mathematics in Secondary School.
- 8 Smith, B.E. : History of Elementary Mathematics, Vols I & II.
- 9 Young, J.W.A. : The Teaching of Mathematics.
- 11 दन्त, बी० एवं सिंह ए०एन० : हिन्दू गणित का इतिहास
- 12 रावत, एम०एस० एवं अग्रवाल, एम०एल० : गणित शिक्षण, विनोद पुस्तक मन्दिर, आगरा

## COURSE-VI/ VII: PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SOCIAL STUDIES:

### (A). COURSE-VI/ VII: CIVICS TEACHING

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES: Student teacher will have the ability to:

1. Know the concept and significance of civics.
2. Propagate the social ideals through teaching of civics.
3. Know the methods of planning instruction for the classroom.
4. Know the principles and maxims of teaching the subject.
5. Learn successfully various methods of teaching civics.
6. Develop instructional support materials.

#### UNIT – I

- Meaning, nature and scope of civics, place and importance of civics in school curriculum, Importance of civics in the development of International Understanding correlation of civics with other subjects.

#### UNIT – II

- Objectives of teaching civics in democratic India, objectives of teaching the subject at different stages, Instructional objectives, Microteaching, lesson plans for developing the skills of introduction.

#### UNIT – III

- General principles and maxims of teaching civics, Presentation of subject matter of civics at different stages, Teaching techniques of civics, Evaluation of text book of civics.

#### UNIT – IV

- Considerations for the selection of methods of teaching, methods of teaching civics: Lecture, Textbook, Project, Discussion Supervised study and Problem solving.

#### UNIT – V

- Essentials of instruction material, classification of audio-visual aids, need and importance of audio-visual aids.

- Evaluation of attainment in civics. Different types of test-essay type, short answer type and objective type, Merits and Demerits of Objective type test; Lesson planning in civics.

#### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

- 1 Bining, A.C. and D.H. Bining: Teaching of Social Studies In Secondary Schools, New York: McGraw Hill Book Company, 1952
- 2 Forrester, J.F. : Introducing Social Studies, Bombay: Orient Longmans, 1956
- 3 Kochar, S.K. : The Teaching of Social Studies, Delhi: University Publisher, 1963
- 4 Nasiali, K. : Social Studies in The School, Madras: Oxford University Press, 1964
- 5 Samford, C.D. : Social Studies in The Secondary School, New York: McGraw Hill, 1952
- 6 Taneja, V.R. : Teaching of Social Studies, Chandigarh: Mohindra Capital Publisher, 1958.

#### **COURSE-VI/ VII: PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SOCIAL STUDIES:**

##### **(B). COURSE-VI/ VII: HISTORY TEACHING**

**COURSE OBJECTIVE:** To enable the pupil teacher to;

To enable the pupil teacher to;

1. Appreciate the need for learning history.
2. Develop knowledge about the basic principles governing the construction of history curriculum.
3. Develop the classroom skills needed for teaching history using modern methodologies.
4. Acquire the ability to complete the plan for institution.
5. Develop the ability to organize co-curricular activities and community resource for promoting history learning.
6. Acquire the ability to develop instructional support materials.

#### **UNIT – I**

Need and significance of teaching history in schools

- Concept of history.
- Correlation and differentiation of history with Geography, Political Science, Economics and Literature.
- Objectives of teaching history at secondary level.

#### **UNIT – II: Principles of History curriculum construction**

- Approaches to organize history curriculum in terms of Concentric, Spiral, Chronological and Correlation approaches.

#### **UNIT – III: Importance of instructional strategies in teaching history**

Methods of teaching history – Lecture, Lecture-cum-discussion, Source method, Project, Social Recitation, Supervised Study, Story Telling, Chronological and Team Teaching.

#### **UNIT – IV**

- Content analysis and formulation of instruction objectives
- Lesson plan and unit plan.
- Micro planning with reference to following skills: Introduction, Questioning, Explanation, Similes-variation, Black board, using of audio-visual aids. (Illustration).
- Arranging, organizing, planning, executing and reporting of



Field trips.  
History room.  
Role-playing.

#### **UNIT – V**

- Purpose of evaluating history learning.
- Salient features of summative and formative evaluation in history.
- Remedial teaching.
- Question preparation in objective and essay type tests.
- Preparation of Achievement test in History.

#### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

- 1 Ghate, V.D. (1989) : history Teaching, Chandigarh, Haryana Hindi Granth Academy.
- 2 Tyagi, Gursaran Das (1995): Teaching of History, Agra, Vinod Pustak Mandir
- 3 Sharma, R.A., (1994) : ITIHAS SHIKSHAN, Meerut, Loyal Book Depot.
- 4 Dixit, Upendranath And : ITIHAS SHIKSHAN, Jaipur, Rajasthan Hindi Granth Hestingh Baghela, (1990) Academy.
- 5 Kochar, S.K., (1994) : The Teaching Of History, Delhi, Vikas Publishing House.
- 6 Carr, E.H., (1952) : What Is History, Oxford University, Press.

#### **COURSE-VI/ VII: PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SOCIAL STUDIES:**

##### **(C). COURSE-VI/ VII: GEOGRAPHY TEACHING**

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To enable the pupil teacher to:

1. Develop an understanding of teaching Geography.
2. Develop the classroom skills needed for teaching Geography.
3. Develop geographical sense, critical thinking and scientific outlook.
4. Acquire the ability to develop instructional support materials.

#### **UNIT – I**

- The modern conception of Geography.
- Scope of Geography.
- Importance of Geography in the school curriculum.
- Aims and objectives of teaching Geography at various levels.

#### **UNIT – II**

- Correlation of Geography with other school subjects.
- Principles of curriculum construction.
- Presentation of subject matter of Geography at different stages.

#### **UNIT – III**

- Microteaching Concept, steps, skills, advantages and limitations.
- Microteaching: Lesson plans for developing the skills.

#### **UNIT – IV**

Methods of teaching Geography

- Lecture method.
- Discussion method.
- Regional method.
- Excursion method.
- Project method.

#### **UNIT – V**

Need and importance of Geography room, equipments and museum

- Evaluation in Geography: Traditional and modern concepts of evaluation.
- Different types of tests-essay type, short answer type and objective type, their merits and demerits.
- Writing of lesson plans in Geography.

#### BOOKS RECOMMENDED

- 1 Arora, K.L. : Teaching of Geography.
- 2 Gopsil, G.H. : The Teaching of Geography.
- 3 Grieve, J.S. : Geography in School.
- 4 Kaul, A.K. : Teaching of Geography.
- 5 Maenee, E.A. : The Teaching of Geography.
- 6 Shaida, B.D. and J.C. Sharma: Teaching of Geography.
- 7 Singh, H.N. : Teaching of Geography.
- 8 The rall, Z.A. : Teaching of Geography.
- 9 Verma, J.P. : Teaching of Geography.

#### COURSE-VI/ VII: PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SOCIAL STUDIES:

##### (D). COURSE-VI/ VII: ECONOMICS TEACHING

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:** To enable the pupil teacher to:

1. Appreciate the need for learning economics.
2. Develop knowledge about the basic principles governing the construction of economics curriculum.
3. Develop the classroom skills needed for teaching of economics using modern methodologies.
4. Acquire the ability to complete the plan for instruction.
5. Develop the ability to organize co-curricular activities and community for promoting economics learning.
6. Acquire the ability to develop instructional support materials.

#### COURSE CONTENT

##### UNIT – I

- Need & Significance of teaching economics.
- Concept/Nature of teaching Economics.
- Correlation and differentiation of Economics with other Social Science subjects- Geography, History, Political science.

##### UNIT –II

- Principles of Economics curriculum construction.
- Approaches to organize Economics curriculum in terms of Concentric, Correlation, and Integration approaches.

##### UNIT – III

- Importance of instructional strategies in teaching economics.
- Strategies in teaching economics.
- Methods of teaching economics – Lecture, Lecture-cum-discussion, Projects, Source method & Team-teaching.

##### UNIT – IV

- Objectives of teaching economics for:  
Lesson Planning

### Unit Planning

- Microteaching for developing the skills of Introduction, Explanation, questioning, Stimulus variation and providing illustrations with relevant examples.

#### UNIT – V

- Arranging, organizing, planning, executing and reporting of field trips.
- Organizing economic clubs and thought provoking programmes like quizzes.

#### UNIT – VI

- Purpose of evaluation in economics.
- Salient features of summative and formative evaluation.
- Question preparation for objective and essay type examinations.

#### BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1 Chakravarty, Sakhomy : Teaching of Economics in India, Bombay, 1987.
- 2 Kanwar, B.S. : Teaching of Economics, Ludhiyana, Prakash Educational Publishers, 1970.
- 3 Norman, L.C. (Ed.) : Teaching of Economics, London Educational Books, 1975;
- 4 N.C.E.R.T. : Teaching Units In Economics For High And Higher Secondary Stage, New Delhi, 1974.
- 5 Siddiqui, M.H. : Teaching Of Economics, Delhi, Ashish Publishing House, Daryaganj.
- 6 वर्मा, रामपाल सिंह : अर्थशास्त्र शिक्षण, मेरठ, आर० लाल बुक डिपो।
- 7 त्यागी, गुरुसरन दास : अर्थशास्त्र शिक्षण, आगरा, विनोद पुस्तक मन्दिर।

#### COURSE-VI/ VII: PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SOCIAL STUDIES:

##### (E). COURSE-VI/ VII: COMMERCE TEACHING

##### COURSE OBJECTIVES: To enable the pupil teacher to

1. Appreciate the need for learning Commerce.
2. Develop the understanding of principles of developing commerce curriculum.
3. Develop the skills needed for classroom teaching of commerce and using its teaching methodology.
4. Acquire the ability to prepare and teach the lesson plans for classroom instructions.
5. Develop the ability to organize co-curricular activities and use community resources for promoting commerce learning.
6. Acquire the ability to develop instructional support material for commerce teaching.

#### COURSE CONTENT

##### UNIT – I

- Concept and nature of commerce teaching.
- Need and significance of teaching commerce.
- Correlation and differentiation of commerce with other subjects like economics, statistics and accountancy.
- Aims and objectives of teaching commerce at different levels.

##### UNIT – II

- Principles of curriculum construction in commerce.
- Approaches to organize commerce curriculum in terms of concentric correlation and integration approaches.

##### UNIT – III

- Importance of instructional strategies in teaching commerce.
- Strategies of teaching commerce.

- Methods of teaching commerce – Lecture, Lecture cum Discussion, Project method and Team teaching.

#### **UNIT – IV**

- Teaching commerce with reference to lesson planning.
  - a. Lesson planning.
  - b. Unit planning.
- Microteaching of developing the skills of Introduction, Explanation, Questioning, Stimulus variation and providing illustration with examples.

#### **UNIT – V**

- Arranging, organizing, planning, executing and reporting of field trips in commerce teaching.
- Organizing commerce clubs and thought provoking programmes like quizzes.

#### **UNIT – VI**

- Purpose of Evaluation in Commerce.
- Salient feature of summative and formative evaluation.
- Question preparation and objectivity in essay type examinations of commerce.
- Preparation of unit tests.

#### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

- 1 Dame, J.F. & A.R. Brinknan : Guidance in Business Education, South Western Pub. Co.
- 2 NCERT : Teacher's Guide in Book Keeping and Accounting, New Delhi.
- 3 Rai, B.C. : Commerce Teaching, Lucknow Prakashan Kendra.
- 4 Singh, Rampal & Prithvi Singh : Vanijya Shikshan, Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.

#### **COURSE-VI/ VII: PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SOCIAL STUDIES:**

##### **(F). COURSE-VI/ VII: ART/HANDICRAFTS TEACHING**

**COURSE OBJECTIVES:** The study of this paper will enable the students

- To know the historical development to Art/handicraft in India.
- To understand the problems of Art/handicraft in various sections.

##### **COURSE CONTENT**

###### **UNIT - I**

- The place and importance of Art/handicraft in school curriculum.
- Aims and importance of teaching of Art/handicraft.

###### **UNIT - II**

- Correlation of Art/handicraft with other school subjects.
- History of the development of Indian Art and Crafts-Buddhist period, Mughal period, Rajput Art and Modern Art.

###### **UNIT - III**

- Colour study and its educational importance,
- Type of Design,
- Basic Elements of Paper - Decoration,
- Self - Expression,
- Object - Drawing,
- Memory - Drawing,
- Natural - Drawing,

- Stencil - Work,
- Letter - Writing,
- Spray - Work.

#### **UNIT - IV**

- Methods of teaching Art and Craft.
- Traditional and Structural approaches in teaching of Art and Craft.

#### **UNIT - V**

- Teaching aids in Art/handicraft, lesson planning.
- Evaluation in Art and Craft teaching.

#### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

- |   |                   |   |
|---|-------------------|---|
| 1 | Archer, W.G.      | : India and Modern Art, London, 1959.   |
| 2 | Arnason, H.H.     | : History of Modern Art, London, 1969.  |
| 3 | Barr, A.H.        | : Masters of Modern Art, New York, 1954.                                      |
| 4 | Brown Percy       | : Indian Painting, The heritage of India Series, M.C.A. Pub. House, Calcutta. |
| 5 | आर्य, जयदेव       | : शिल्प का अध्यापन, प्रकाशक लक्ष्मी नारायण अग्रवाल, आगरा, 1969.               |
| 6 | आय, जयदेव         | : कला शिक्षण, बिजनौर, 1974.   |
| 7 | अमित कुमार हालदार | : भारतीय चित्रकला, चन्द्रलोक प्रकाशक, इलाहाबाद, 1969.                         |
| 8 | पालीवाल, ब्रजभूषण | : कला के सिद्धान्त, प्रकाशक राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी, जयपुर, 1972.        |
| 9 | सारवलकर, रवि      | : आधुनिक चित्रकला का इतिहास, राजस्थान हिन्दी अकादमी, जयपुर, 1971.             |

#### **COURSE-VI/ VII: PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING LANGUAGES:**

##### **(A). COURSE-VI/ VII: ENGLISH TEACHING**

##### **COURSE OBJECTIVES: To enable the student teacher to understand:**

1. The nature and characteristics of a language and its use.
2. The required skills for mastering a language.
3. The various approaches to successful language teaching.
4. Approaches/Methods of teaching different aspects of language.
5. The importance teaching aids and other technological devices used for language teaching.
6. Evaluation and testing techniques for obtaining feedback.

#### **COURSE CONTENT**

##### **UNIT – I: Teaching of English as a Second Language:**

- General characteristics of a language.
- Principles of language teaching.
- Nature of English language.

##### **UNIT – II: Role of English as second language in India:**

- Its place in the school curriculum.
- Aims and objectives of teaching English as a second language.
- Teaching of English Vocabulary necessary for a second language learner.
- Developing skills of Aural Comprehension and Speaking.
- Teaching the mechanics of Reading and Writing.

##### **UNIT –III: Methods of teaching English as a second language:**

- Translation Method.
- Direct Method.
- Structural Approach.

- Bilingual Method.
- Communicative Approach.

**UNIT – IV: Teaching and Lesson-Planning of various Aspects of English:**

- Prose
- Poetry
- Grammar
- Composition
- Structures

**UNIT – V: Audio - Visual and Technological Aids:**

- Need and importance
- Types and purpose
- Technological aids as Language Laboratory, CAI

**UNIT – VI: Testing and evaluation:**

- Concept of Teaching and evaluation.
- Need and Importance of testing in English.
- Types of Tests - oral, Written and skill testing.

**PRACTICAL WORK**

- Five method based Lesson-Plans

**BOOKS RECOMMENDED:**

- 1 Allen B. Harold Campbell N : Teaching English as a second language, Tata-Mac-graw Russel Hill publishing Co. Ltd, Bombay-New Delhi (1972)
- 2 Bright, G.A.& McGregor G.P. : Teaching English as a Second Language, Longmans (1972)
- 3 Brumfit C.J., Johnson, K. : The Communicative Approach to Language Teaching: ELBS; Oxford University Press, Hong-Kong, 1979.
- 4 O'Connor, J.D. : Better, English Pronunciation: ELBS, Cambridge University Press, Great Britain, 1977.
- 5 French, F.G. : Teaching English as an International Language; Oxford University Press, London, 1975.
- 6 Hornby, A.S. : The Teaching of structured words and Sentence Pattern, Stage I-IV: Oxford University Press, London, 1991.
- 7 Jain, R.C. Sharma, C.K. : Essentials of English Teaching: Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agra.
- 8 Kohli, A.L. : Techniques of Teaching English: Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi, 1996.
- 9 Lado, Robert : "Language Teaching: A Scientific Approach, McGraw Hill, Inc., New York (1964).
- 10 Lado, Robert : Language Testing: The Construction and use of Foreign Language Test, Language, 1961.
- 11 Pandey, K.P. & Amita : The Teaching of English in India, Vishwavidyalaya Prakashan, Varanasi, (1998).

**(B). COURSE-VI/ VII: PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING LANGUAGES:**

**COURSE-VI/ VII: HINDI TEACHING**

अध्ययन के उद्देश्य

इस पाठ्यक्रम के अध्ययन से छात्रों में:

1. मातृभाषा की महत्ता का ज्ञान विकसित होगा।
2. मातृभाषा शिक्षण के उद्देश्यों का ज्ञान विकसित होगा।
3. हिन्दी के शिक्षण की विधियों की जानकारी विकसित होगी।
4. भाषा के मूल्यांकन की क्षमता की विकास होगा।

**इकाई – 1 भाषा का अर्थ एवं स्वरूप**

- भाषा का अर्थ, परिभाषाएं
- भाषा की विशेषतायें एवं प्रकृति
- अन्य विषयों के साथ सहसम्बन्ध
- मातृभाषा का उद्भव एवं विकास
- भाषा के विविध रूप
- विकास की विभिन्न अवस्थाओं में भाषायिक विकास-विशेषतायें एवं प्रकृति

**इकाई – 2 मातृभाषा शिक्षण के उद्देश्य एवं लक्ष्य**

- मातृभाषा के सामान्य उद्देश्य, विशिष्ट उद्देश्य
- शिक्षण उद्देश्यों का वर्गीकरण – ज्ञानात्मक, भावात्मक,
- उद्देश्यों को व्यावहारिक रूप में लिखने की विधियाँ, आवश्यकता
- विकास की विभिन्न अवस्थायें एवं मातृभाषा शिक्षण के उद्देश्य
- विभिन्न स्तर की शिक्षा में मातृभाषा की महत्ता
- विभिन्न स्तर की शिक्षा के पाठ्यक्रम में इसका स्थान
- त्रिभाषा सूत्र
- हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण की समस्यायें एवं समाधान

**इकाई – 3 हिन्दी भाषा का शिक्षण प्रविधि**

- हिन्दी भाषा का शिक्षण सिद्धान्त एवं सूत्र
- भाषायिक कौशलों का शिक्षण (श्रवण, वाचन, पठन, लेखन रचना)
- सूक्ष्म शिक्षण द्वारा कौशलों का विकास
- मातृभाषा शिक्षण में सहायक सामग्री का अनुप्रयोग, प्रकार एवं महत्ता
- हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण – गुण, दक्षायें एवं विशेषतायें
- हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण में मनोवैज्ञानिक प्रविधियाँ

**इकाई – 4 हिन्दी भाषा की विविध विधाओं का शिक्षण एवं मूल्यांकन विधा**

- गद्य शिक्षण – उद्देश्य, महत्त्व एवं पाठयोजना प्रारूप।
- पद्य शिक्षण – उद्देश्य, महत्त्व एवं पाठ्य योजना प्रारूप।
- रचना शिक्षण – उद्देश्य, महत्त्व एवं पाठ्य योजना प्रारूप।
- व्याकरण शिक्षण – उद्देश्य, महत्त्व एवं पाठ्य योजना प्रारूप।
- हिन्दी भाषा में मूल्यांकन की आवश्यकता, महत्त्व, प्रकार विधियाँ प्रश्नों का निर्माण, उपलब्धि परीक्षण का निर्माण।

**इकाई – 5 हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण में नवाचार**

- भाषा शिक्षण में निदानात्मक शिक्षण एवं उपचारात्मक शिक्षण आवश्यकता एवं निर्माण, अनुप्रयोग
- हिन्दी भाषा में क्रियात्मक अनुसंधान – आवश्यकता एवं प्रविधि
- भाषा शिक्षण में शिक्षण साधनों का प्रयोग (दृश्य एवं भव्य साधन)
- भाषा कक्ष एवं प्रयोगशाला
- हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण में पाठ्य सहभागी क्रियाकलाप
- इकाई परीक्षण निर्माण, अनुप्रयोग एवं मूल्यांकन

**सन्दर्भ पुस्तकें**

- |                  |                         |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 भाषा विज्ञान   | : भोलानाथ तिवारी        |
| 2 शुद्ध हिन्दी   | : डॉ० हरदेव बिहारी      |
| 3 हिन्दी शिक्षण  | : डॉ० रामशकल पाण्डेय    |
| 4 हिन्दी व्याकरण | : डॉ० कामता प्रसाद गुरु |

5	हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण विधि	: भाई योगेन्द्र जीत
6	हिन्दी व्याकरण रचना	: डॉ० भोलाशंकर व्यास, डॉ० भोलानाथ तिवारी, डॉ० रवीन्द्र नाथ श्रीवास्तव
7	माध्यमिक विद्यालय में हिन्दी शिक्षण	: डॉ० निरंजन कुमार सिंह
8	हिन्दी शिक्षण विधि	: डॉ० वैद्यनाथ प्रसाद वर्मा
9	सुबोध हिन्दी व्याकरण एवं रचना	: मानावत एवं जोशी
10	मानक हिन्दी का ऐतिहासिक व्याकरण:	: डॉ० माताबदल जायसवाल

### (C). COURSE-VI/ VII: PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING LANGUAGES:

#### COURSE-VI/ VII: SANSKRIT TEACHING

##### अध्ययन के उद्देश्य

इस पाठ्यक्रम के अध्ययन से छात्रों में:

1. संस्कृत भाषा की महत्ता का ज्ञान विकसित होगा।
2. संस्कृत भाषा शिक्षण के उद्देश्यों का ज्ञान विकसित होगा।
3. संस्कृत शिक्षण की विधियों की जानकारी विकसित होगी।
4. संस्कृत भाषा के मूल्यांकन की क्षमता का विकास होगा।

##### पाठ्य विवरण

1. संस्कृत भाषा की प्रकृति, विशेषतायें, सम्पन्नता, प्रयोग।
2. पाठ्यक्रम में स्थान महत्त्व – संस्कृत की महत्ता, आवश्यकता।
3. भाषा हेतु अपेक्षित योग्यतायें –  
सुनना, बोलना, पठन सम्बन्धी, लेखन एवं चिन्तन सम्बन्धी।
4. भाषा शिक्षण के सामान्य एवं विशिष्ट उद्देश्य – प्राथमिक, माध्यमिक, उच्च शिक्षा स्तर पर मातृभाषा, शिक्षण के उद्देश्य, सीमायें।
5. भाषा शिक्षण के सामान्य सिद्धान्त –  
स्वाभाविकता, प्रयत्न, लेखन से पूर्व मौखिक बोलने लिखने में सामन्जस्य, वैयक्तिक भिन्नता बालकेन्द्रित, क्रियाशीलता, चयन, अनुकरण, अभ्यास, स्वयं संशोधन।
6. संस्कृत शिक्षण हेतु वांछित कौशल –  
प्रस्तावना, प्रश्न पूछना, व्याख्या श्यामपट्ट लेखन, पुनर्बलन।
7. संस्कृत शिक्षण की विधियाँ –  
गद्य, पद्य, नाटक, कहानी व्याकरण रचना, मौखिक भाव प्रकाशन, उच्चारण, वर्तनी, वाचन शिक्षण।
8. संस्कृत भाषा शिक्षण हेतु उपागम।
9. भाषा शिक्षण हेतु आवश्यक सहायक सामग्री की जानकारी एवं निर्माण।
10. पाठयोजना बनाना –  
गद्य, पद्य, व्याकरण, कहानी।
11. भाषा में मूल्यांकन –  
परीक्षा प्रणाली के दोष, सुधार की आवश्यकता, उपाय, मूल्यांकन का अर्थ, उपयोगिता, विशेषतायें, प्रश्नों के प्रकार।

##### संदर्भ पुस्तकें

- 1 Apte, D.G. & Dongre, P.K. : Teaching of Sanskrit in Secondary Schools.
- 2 Report of the Sanskrit Commission: Govt. of India, 1955.
- 3 कुशवाहा, के०ए०स० : संस्कृत शिक्षण, गोविन्द प्रकाशन, लखीमपुर खीरी
- 4 पाण्डेय, आर०ए०स० : संस्कृत शिक्षण, विनोद पुस्तक मंदिर आगरा
- 5 चौबे, बी०ए०न० : संस्कृत शिक्षण, विधि, उ०प्र० हिन्दी संस्थान, लखनऊ
- 6 मित्रल, संतोष : संस्कृत शिक्षण, आर० लाल बुक डिपो, मेरठ

### COURSE- VIII: POPULATION EDUCATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES



1. To develop in the student teacher an understanding of the concept, need & importance of population and environmental education.
2. To enable the students to understand various terminologies connected with population and environmental education and factors responsible for population growth & environmental degradation.
3. To develop an awareness in the student teacher of the implications of population growth and awareness of the environment in the various aspects of social functioning.
4. To help student teacher to understand the effect of unchecked growth of population on the depletion of natural resources from the environmental.
5. To help student teacher to appreciate the role of population education & environmental education for upgrading the quality of social functioning.

## **COURSE CONTENT**

### **POPULATION EDUCATION**

UNIT-I: Population Education: Meaning, Concept, Need, Scope and Objectives.

- Population Dynamics: distribution & density.
- Population Composition: Age, Sex, rural, urban, literacy,
- Factors affecting population growth fertility, mortality & emigration.

UNIT-II: Population and quality of life: health status, nutrition health services & education.

- Effect of unchecked growth of population on natural resources & environment.

UNIT-III: Population education in schools.

- Introduction of population education with the general school curriculum.
- Use of Mass-media: News Papers, Radio, T.V. & A.V. Aids in creating population awareness.
- Role of Teachers.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION**

UNIT-IV: Environmental Education: Meaning, Scope & nature.

- Types of environmental pollution.
- Learning to live in harmony with nature.
- Measures of environmental protection in Indian tradition.

UNIT-V: Causes and effects of environmental hazard and educational remedies.

- Greenhouse effect.
- Ozone layer depletion - environmental threat, acid rain, rise of sea level.
- Salient features of environmental awareness through education.
- Programmes of environmental education for attitude changes among children.
- Role of school in environmental conservation and sustainable development.

**ASSIGNMENTS:** Students are required do any two of the following assignments;

1. Assess the awareness of people regarding population explosion.
2. Study the factors responsible for polluting local water resources.
3. Study the awareness of people regarding the need of conservation of natural resources.

### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED:**

- 1 Agarwala, S.N: India's - Population, Asia Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2 Ali, Syed Ashfaq: Population Problems in India and Abroad Jai Bharat Publishing House, Bhopal, 1983.
- 3 Bandhu, D. & N.L. Ramanathan : Education for environmental Planning & conservation. (ED) Indian Environmental Society, New Delhi, 1982.

- 4 Bose, Ashish (Ed): Pattern of population change in India, Allied publishers, New Delhi.
- 5 Bose, Ashish (et. al.): Population studies in India. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 6 NCERT: Population Education for Teachers, NCERT, New Delhi, 1974.
- 7 Pandey, K.P. & S. Pandey: Paryavaran shiksha avam Bhartiya Sandharbh, Bhartiya Paryavaran Siksha Parishad.
- 8 Report: Our Common future --- Report of the World Commission on Environment & Development, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 9 Shan, B.K.: Population Education, Sterling Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 10 Sharma, R.A.: Environmental Education R.Lal book Depot, Meerut.